Macroeconomic Theory 2 ECON 621

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Course Objectives

This course is the second in a two-course sequence in macroeconomics. It will start with an introduction to dynamic programming, a powerful method for solving dynamic problems such as a firm's investment decision or a household's savings decision. Always building from micro-foundations, we will then turn to applications that give an introduction to some of the central issues in modern macroeconomics. Topics to be covered include asset pricing, consumer theory, optimal policy, unemployment, and productivity and technical change. We will address questions such as "What explains the size of the excess return of equity over bonds?", "How can consumers insure against idiosyncratic shocks and what does this imply for macroeconomic variables and for inequality?", "What should the government tax to finance its expenditure?" and others. Although the course is mainly theoretical in nature, the model-based quantitative technique of calibration will also be introduced, and we will probably see some applied papers in the presentation section.

Where you can go from here: check this out: http://people.stern.nyu.edu/svnieuwe/SED2011/programSED2011.pdf or http://www.econ.ubc.ca/research/cmsg_programme.php.

From these examples and from the course content you can see that methods covered in the course are not just essential for doing and understanding research in macroeconomics, but also very useful for research in many other areas like labour economics, IO or development.

Administrative Issues

3 credits 2 lectures per week, Mon and Wed 1:05-2:25pm in Leacock 424

Contact:

email: markus.poschke@mcgill.ca office hours: Wed 9-10am in Leacock 320. **Requirements:** The course will build on 620, so some familiarity with the issues and techniques covered there, in particular the neoclassical growth model and optimization techniques, will be assumed. Dynamic programming will be introduced in the course, so it is NOT a pre-requisite.

Textbook: There will not be a main textbook, but there are three main sources. In *Dynamic Economics*, MIT Press 2003, Jérôme Adda and Russell Cooper (AC) give an excellent treatment of dynamic programming that also conveys a lot of intuition. They also cover some applications. The method and a vast array of macroeconomic applications are also covered in *Recursive Macroeconomic Theory* by Lars Ljungqvist and Thomas Sargent (LS), MIT Press 2004. A detailed technical treatment of dynamic programming with a few applications is given in *Recursive Methods in Economic Dynamics* by Nancy Stokey and Robert Lucas with Edward Prescott (SL), Harvard University Press 1989. The latter text is advisable for PhD students. All three books are on reserve in the library. In addition, we will rely on articles for some topics. I will also make some rough notes available.

Grading: Final exam (50%), midterm (20%), presentation (25%), problem sets (5%). The midterm will be in class on Feb 13. Final exam time and location: *tba*. If you miss the midterm for medical reasons, its weight will be added to that of the final exam, if and only if you provide me with a valid medical note before Friday Feb 17. If you miss your presentation for medical reasons, it will be rescheduled, if and only if you provide me with a valid medical note within a week of the presentation or the last class, whichever is earlier.

In case of absence at the final exam for medical reasons, please refer to the University Regulations Concerning Final Examinations. Note: In the event of extraordinary circumstances beyond the University's control, the content and/or evaluation scheme in this course is subject to change.

Problem Sets: There will be ca. four problem sets. You are encouraged to work in groups of up to three students. (Hand in one solution per group.) No late problem sets will be accepted.

Presentation: Presentations will take place in the last two to three weeks of the course. Depending on final enrolment, each student will have around 20-30 minutes to present and discuss a relevant paper from the literature. Presentation guidelines are below. The deadline for choosing a paper to present is Friday March 7.

A list of possible papers (alternatively, you can propose me a different paper):

- Growth theory, broadly seen: Aghion, Bloom, Blundell, Griffith and Howitt (2005), Broda and Weinstein (2006), Broda and Romalis (2008), Eeckhout and Jovanovic (2007), Krusell, Ohanian, Rios-Rull and Violante (2000), Hsieh and Ossa (2011), Song, Storesletten and Zilibotti (2011)
- Calibration: Gomme and Rupert (2007)

- Cycles: Hall (2008), Bernanke and Gertler (1995), Shimer (2007), Beaudry and Portier (2006), Christiano, Eichenbaum and Rebelo (2010)
- Monetary policy: Bernanke and Gertler (1995), Lagos and Wright (2005), Berentsen, Menzio and Wright (2008),
- Asset pricing: Constantinides, Donaldson and Mehra (2002), Barro (2007), Gabaix (2007), McGrattan and Prescott (2003)
- Heterogeneous agents/inequality: Cagetti and DeNardi (2006), Huggett, Ventura and Yaron (2007), Kremer and Maskin (1996), Moscarini (2005), Krusell, Mukoyama, Rogerson and Şahin (2008), Krusell, Mukoyama, Rogerson and Şahin (2010), Low, Meghir and Pistaferri (2010)
- Health: Pashchenko and Porapakkarm (2010), Kuklik (2011), Ozkan (2011)
- Labor markets: Delacroix and Wasmer (2006), Hall (2008), Ortigueira (2006), Shimer (2007), Alvarez and Shimer (2010), Kremer and Maskin (1996), Moscarini (2005), Domeij and Klein (2008), Ljungqvist and Sargent (1998), Prescott (1994), Ljungqvist and Sargent (2008)
- Optimal taxation: Conesa, Kitao and Krueger (2009), Chamley (2001)
- Firms: Hopenhayn and Rogerson (1993), Campbell (1998), Cooley and Quadrini (2001), Clementi and Hopenhayn (2006), Restuccia and Rogerson (2008), Hsieh and Klenow (2009), Samaniego (2010)
- Regulation and aggregate outcomes: Hopenhayn and Rogerson (1993), Castro, Clementi and MacDonald (2004), Restuccia and Rogerson (2008)
- Trade: Broda and Weinstein (2006), Broda and Romalis (2008), Melitz (2003), Hsieh and Ossa (2011)

WebCT: I will use WebCT for posting relevant materials such as readings and problem sets and for making announcements. You should therefore regularly check the course's WebCT page.

Academic Integrity: McGill University values academic integrity. Therefore all students must understand the meaning and consequences of cheating, plagiarism and other academic offences under the code of student conduct and disciplinary procedures (see http://www.mcgill.ca/integrity/ for more information). Note: According to Senate regulations, instructors are not permitted to make special arrangements for final exams. Please consult the Calendar, section 4.7.2.1, General University Information and Regulations at www.mcgill.ca.

Course Outline

This course outline is ambitious, so we might not be able to cover everything. Therefore, I maintain discretion regarding changes in this outline. The list of readings is not yet complete but the essentials, in particular the textbook chapters, are there. Where they do not stand alone, articles are complementary to the material discussed in the textbooks and in class.

- 1. Introduction (Lucas 1976)
- 2. Dynamic Programming (AC Ch. 2, 5, LS Ch. 3)
 - (a) examples
 - (b) theory
 - (c) application to the neoclassical growth model
- 3. Asset Pricing (LS Ch. 13, Lucas (1978), Mehra and Prescott (1985))
 - (a) theory
 - (b) the equity premium puzzle
 - (c) calibration
- 4. Introduction to Business Cycle analysis (Kydland and Prescott 1982, Prescott 1986, Plosser 1989, Mankiw 1989, Campbell 1994)
- 5. Consumption (AC Ch. 6, LS Ch. 16, 17, Aiyagari (1994), Huggett (1993))
 - (a) precautionary savings
 - (b) introduction to incomplete markets
 - (c) inequality
- 6. Optimal Policy (LS Ch. 15, 20, Kydland and Prescott (1977), Chamley (1986))
 - (a) taxes
 - (b) time (in)consistency
 - (c) the value of commitment
- 7. Unemployment (LS Ch. 6, Mortensen and Pissarides (1994), Shimer (2010))
 - (a) frictions in search and matching in the labor market
 - (b) unemployment over the business cycle
- 8. Productivity and technical change
 - (a) embodied technical change (Greenwood, Hercowitz and Krusell (1997))
 - (b) vintage capital (tba)
 - (c) the productivity slowdown and subsequent acceleration (Greenwood and Yorukoglu (1997), Jovanovic (1997))

Some special dates

The dates for the problem sets and presentations are estimates and therefore subject to change.

Jan 18 PS1 posted	Feb 29 PS3 posted
Jan 25 PS1 due	Mar 7 PS3 due,
Feb 1 PS2 posted	deadline for choosing paper to present
Feb 8 PS2 due	Mar 21 PS4 posted
Feb 13 midterm exam	Mar 28 PS4 due
Feb 20-24 break	Mar 28-Apr 16 presentations

Presentation Guidelines

General points:

- You have 20 minutes for the presentation. That leaves ca. 5 minutes for discussion after the presentation.
- There will be ca. 3 papers per class. Students who are not presenting should read at least the introduction of the papers that are presented. This does wonders.
- Prepare a pdf-file with a presentation. (If you use Powerpoint, still prepare a pdf-file, like this you avoid funny characters appearing on your slides. At some point you may want to learn to use Latex plus e.g. Beamer.) Do not overload your slides.
- Target group: You are presenting to a class of macroeconomists. You know their background.

The presentation:

- Explain the context of the paper:
 - What is the question it tries to answer?
 - Why should we care?
 - What is the contribution of the paper?
 - Avoid a lengthy literature review.
- Explain the approach to the problem (methodology).
- Most papers will have a theoretical and a quantitative part.
 - Explain the ingredients of the model.
 - Point out important assumptions.
 - Use equations only where they are helpful.
 - Explain how quantitative results are obtained: data, method.

- Explain the most important results.
 - In 20 minutes you will not have time to talk about all results, mention the most important one(s).
 - Explain intuitively how they come about. Use equations/graphs if useful. If there are important figures in the paper, show them.
 - What assumptions drive the result? Do you think that they are plausible? What would happen if we changed them?
- Evaluation
 - What have we learned?
 - One item of criticism.
 - One idea for improving the paper or for extending it.
 - Is this an important paper?
- Again: Do not attempt to be complete. Instead, be focussed.

References

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